

Contralateral prophylactic mastectomy: Surgical overtreatment?



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Case – female 66 y

- Multifocal tumor, RX/US: lesion 5-8mm; MRI: 4x6x3cm
- Moderately differentiated invasive adenocarcinoma with lobular aspect
- ER 300/300, PR 105/300, HER2 0
- No familial history - no genetic counseling

- Right mastectomy + axillary dissection
- pT4b(m) N3 M0

- CT – RT – HT - Zometa

- 1 year follow-up: patient asks for CPM (without reconstruction)

Risk of CBC

0.5- 1 % / year

3- 7% / 10 years

BRCA1/2: 30– 40 % / 10 years

Without mutation, second-degree relative: 9%

Without mutation, first-degree relative: 14,7%

Bilaterally affected family member: 23,7%

Table 1
Proportion of surgically treated female breast cancer patients with unilateral disease
undergoing bilateral mastectomy

Year of diagnosis	No. of surgically treated cases	Bilateral mastectomy	
		n	%
1998	105,864	395	0.4
1999	111,850	635	0.6
2000	120,653	933	0.8
2001	120,583	1,290	1.1
2002	121,534	1,657	1.4
2003	111,676	2,257	2.0
2004	114,327	2,657	2.3
2005	115,844	3,266	2.8
2006	120,574	4,293	3.6
2007	123,551	5,835	4.7
Total	1,166,456	23,218	-

2002

3,9%



2012

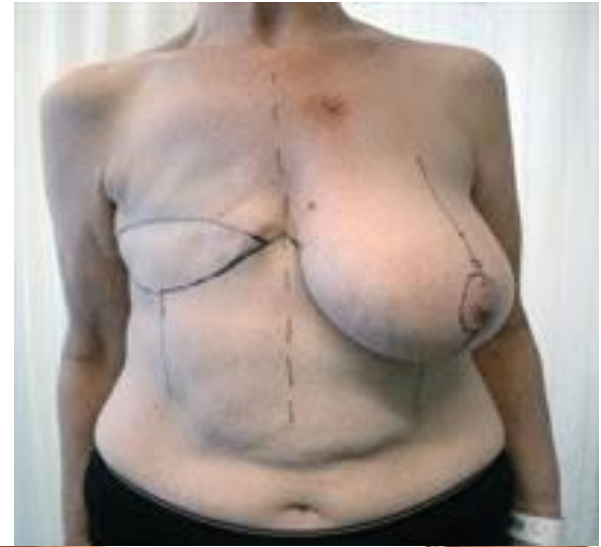
12,7%

Surgical overtreatment?

Bridge too far?

Pros

1. Risk reduction 91- 100%
2. Reduced imaging
3. Symmetry
4. Cosmetics
5. Reduced anxiety



Cons

1. Surgical complications
2. Problems with femininity and sexuality
3. Potential delay of adjuvant therapies of cancer
(in case of an immediate resection)

Survival?

- No prospective data

-  **Cochrane**
Library

No difference in OS or breast cancer–specific survival

Guidelines?



2015

Bilateral prophylactic mastectomy:

-> Offered to women at very high risk:

1. BRCA1-2 gene mutation carriers
2. Previous chest irradiation for lymphoma



Indications for Contralateral Prophylactic Mastectomy

A Consensus Statement Using Modified Delphi Methodology

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(Ann Surg 2018;267:271–279)



1. Medically recommended:

- Unilateral breast cancer + BRCA1-2 mutation
- Unilateral breast cancer + previous Mantle field radiation

2. Case-by-case basis

- Unilateral breast cancer + CHEK2/ PTEN/ P53/ PALB2/CDH1 mutation
- Breast symmetry is a major issue after unilateral mastectomy (with or without reconstruction)

**Contralateral Prophylactic Mastectomy (CPM) Consensus
Statement from the American Society of Breast Surgeons: Data on
CPM Outcomes and Risks**

Ann Surg Oncol (2016) 23:3100–3105
DOI 10.1245/s10434-016-5443-5

1. Should be considered:

- BRCA1-2 mutation
- Strong familial history, no genetic testing
- History of mantle chest radiation before age 30 years

1. Can be considered:

- CHEK-2, PALB2, p53, CDH1 mutation
- Strong familial history, BRCA negative

3. Other reasons:

- Limit contralateral surveillance
- Improve symmetry
- Manage risk aversion
- Manage extreme anxiety

Case – female 66 y

- Right mastectomy + axillary dissection
- Multifocale invasive adenocarcinoma, lobular aspect, hormone sensitive
- pT4b(m) N3 M0

- 1 year after diagnosis, no recurrence, asks for CPM

- 2 consultations - psychological counseling
- - > CPM

Case – female 66y

- Very pleased with the result
 - Feels relieved
 - Higher self-esteem
 - Feels better about herself
-
- AP: invasive ductal adenocarcinoma with lobular growth pattern, diameter 5,6mm, Bloom score 6, ER 28/0/300, PR 280/300 Her2 2+

Conclusion: first do no harm

A. Medically recommended

1. Unilateral breast cancer with a BRCA1-2 gene mutation
2. Unilateral breast cancer with a history of mantle chest radiation (before age 30 years)
3. Unilateral breast cancer with gene carrier of non-BRCA gene (CHEK-2, PALB2, p53, CDH1, PTEN)

B. Patient's request

1. Improve symmetry
2. 'Peace of mind'

Referenties

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Questions?



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